DATA VISUALIZATION APPROACH AND ONE WAY ANOVA ANALYSIS: A CASE STUDY OF LI KA SHING LIBRARY ENTRY DATA

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Introduction

Our project focuses on analyzing the entry information from the card reader logs provided by Li Ka Shing Library. The card readers are located at both the main entrance and the linkbridge side entrance. This provides us with the entry log with timestamp and basic demographic information about the student.

Motivation

The management team of Li Ka Shing Library is striving for better user experience. Unlike e-book usage or search request which data can be easily collected, they have little information about physical usage of the library, especially the usage of specific user groups.

Objectives

The objective of our project is to use data analytics tools to understand the general visit pattern of the library users, and compare the patterns between different user groups, in order to draw business insights and give suggestion to our sponsor.

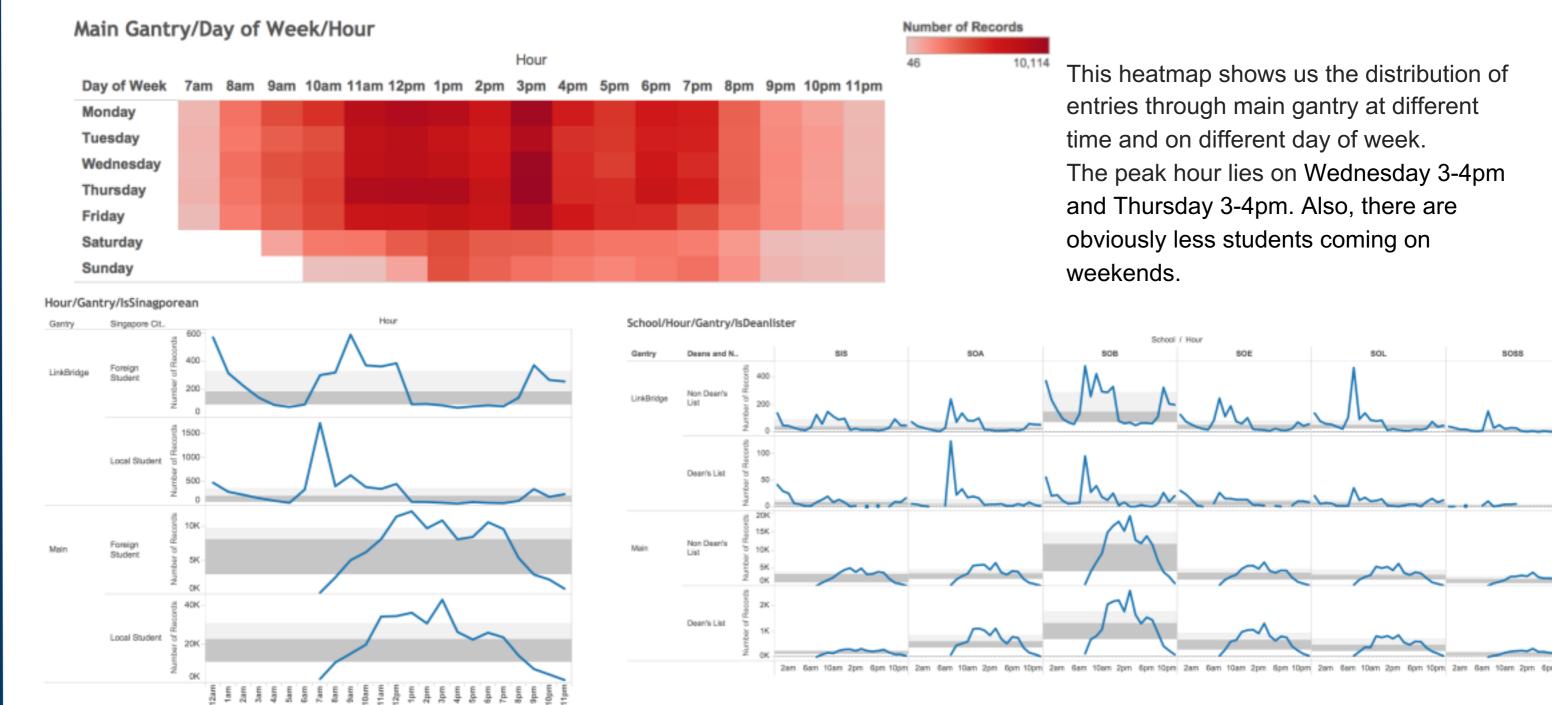
Data Preparation

- 1. Data standardization
 - a. Format 'Date' column
 - b. Table concatenation
- 2. Rename columns
 - a. Device Name → Gantry
 - b. Statistical Category 1 → School
 - c. Statistical Category $2 \rightarrow Major$
 - d. Statistical Category $3 \rightarrow Admission Year$
 - e. Statistical Category 4 \rightarrow Graduation Year
- 3. Missing value pattern
- 4. Recode column value
 - a. Gantry: 1, 2, 3, 4, Linkbridge
 - b. Major: $0 \rightarrow \text{`Unknown'}$
 - c. Shorten user group and school names
 - d. Change 'Admission Year' and 'Graduation Year' to numerical value
- 5. Detect outliers
 - a. Outside main gate opening hours
 - b. Admission year later than 2017
- 6. Derive new columns
 - a. IsAlumni
 - b. YearOfStudy
 - c. AcademicWeek

After preparation, the clean dataset consists of 481,648 entries generated by 8241 unique users.



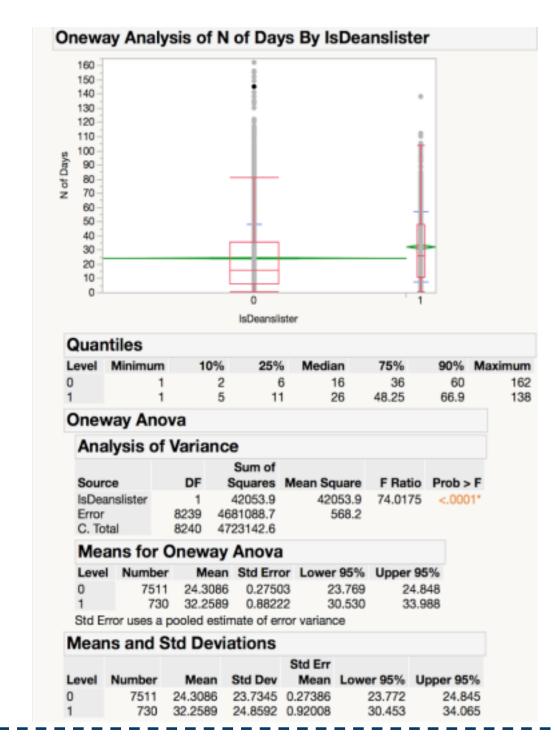
Exploratory Visualization



This graph shows the number of entries from different gantry through different hours for local and foreign students. For linkbridge entry, the peak for local students appears at 7am but for international students is at 9am and 12am. For the main entry, there is a clear peak at 3pm but for foreign students, the highest number of entries is at 1pm.

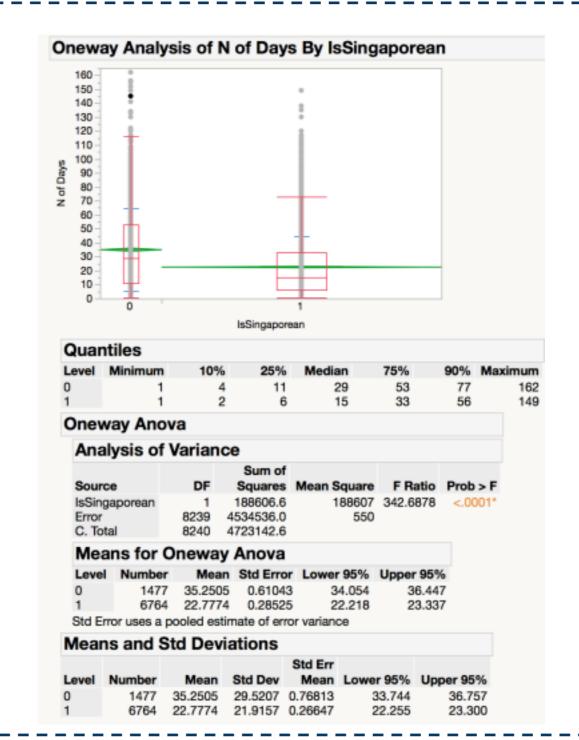
This trellis graph shows the number of entries from main gantry and link bridge through different hours for dean's list and non dean's list students from different schools. We can see that from main entry side, the behaviour of dean's list and non dean's list students and different school students are similar, whereas for linkbridge side, the pattern of dean's list and non dean's list students are different. There is a clear peak at 7am for Business student and Law non dean's list students.

Confirmative Analysis



The line near the center of each represents the group diamond mean. The mean of dean's lister is about in 32 days. The mean of non-dean's lister!! is about 24. The vertical span of each in diamond represents the 95% confidence interval for the mean of each group. We i can see dean's lister has higher interval than non-dean's lister. The median of i dean's lister is about 26 days. The median of non-dean's lister is about 16 ! ! days. The median of dean's lister is !! about 10 days higher than the median of !! non-dean's lister.

The Analysis of Variance report shows the standard ANOVA information. The Prob > F (the p-value) is <0.0001, which supports our visual conclusion that there are significant differences between the number of days by dean's lister and non-dean's lister.



The line near the center of each diamond represents the group mean. The mean of Singaporeans is about 22. The vertical span of each diamond represents the 95% confidence interval for the mean of each group. We can see international student has higher interval than Singaporean student. The mean of international students is about 35 days. The mean of Singaporeans is about 22 days. The median of international student is about 13 days higher than the median of Singaporean student.

The Analysis of Variance report shows the standard ANOVA information. The Prob > F (the p-value) is <0.0001, which supports our visual conclusion that there are significant differences between the number of days by dean's lister and non-dean's lister.

Conclusion and Recommendation

With exploratory data analysis and confirmative analysis, we analyzed the general patterns of library users and compared the difference between different Singaporean students international students, dean's list and non dean's list students.

General peak hour of library entries lies on Wednesday 3-4pm and Thursday 3-4pm.

For linkbridge usage, international students go to library through linkbridge at midnight while Singaporeans usually go to library through linkbridge in the early morning. Singaporeans tend to come to library on weekends less.

Dean's listers go to library more often but dean's listers don't go through the linkbridge gate more than non-dean's listers. International students go to library more often than Singaporean students do and international students go through the linkbridge gate more than Singaporean students do.

